#### BUSINESS RISK MANAGEMENT LTD



# Business Continuity Management On-line course 2 days

#### Why you should attend

As the current global pandemic shows, possibility of a crisis severely disrupting an organization's ability to operate looms today like never before.

Given the pace with which global threats evolve, incidents such as cybercrime, volatile weather patterns, terrorism attacks, and epidemics are increasingly likely.

These events all impact the ability to continue operations and meet stakeholders' objectives and may even threaten the very existence of the business.

Being able to better recognize potential crises, effectively handle such interruptions, and return to normal operations is extremely difficult.

Gaining the capacity to do this quickly and efficiently with the minimum amount of impact — to be crisis resilient — is that much harder, and the ultimate goal.

#### Who should attend?

- Managers and Directors responsible for crisis management
- Risk managers
- Senior Internal Auditors and audit managers
- Other assurance professionals such as those in Compliance and QA functions who are being asked to review the business resilience process

#### **Course Level**

- This is an intermediary level course and delegates should ideally have 18 months experience in a supervisory, management or assurance role
- Delegates should have a good educational standard (Bachelors degree or above) and/or a professional qualification or be in the process of studying for such a qualification
- No advance preparation is required
- Delivery method On-line interactive (with exercises and case studies to provide practical application of the tools and techniques)

#### After completing this course you will be able to

- Understand how to become a more crisis resilient organization
- Ensure that BCM and the crisis management plans are regularly updated to meet the ever changing risk environment
- Develop BCM plans that cover all business functions
- Implement an effective approach for communicating to all stakeholders through each stage of a crisis
- Deal with extreme risk events in a more managed way
- Build and oversee an effective BCM team
- Complete regular crisis management audits

#### **CPE** credits

 Participants will earn 9 CPE credits (in the Management Advisory Services field of study)

# **Course Outline**

# **Day 1: Business Continuity Planning**

#### The key objectives of BCM

- To provide critical services during times of disruption
- The need for management leadership
- Linking the BCM plan with strategic objectives
- Ensuring the resources for BCM are available
- Communicating the importance of the process
- Ensuring the intended outcomes are achieved
- Directing and supporting the personnel involved
- Determining the BCM owners across the business

# Exercise 1 - Assessing the effectiveness of BCP key objectives

# **Evaluating the BCM model**

- Understanding the business impact of major events
- Determining strategies to deal with these events
- Ensuring that ISO 22301 is adopted
- Reviewing and conducting a gap analysis of the current BC policies
- Improving understanding of the risk profile of such incidents
- Preparing for each different emergency situation
- Development of procedures to recover from a disaster
- Preparing the actions to take during the recovery phase
- Testing the business recovery process
- Keeping the plan up to date

- Establishing a BCM culture across the organisation
- Identifying gaps

#### **Exercise 2 - The BCP model**

#### Reviewing the resilience of critical business processes

- Identifying the critical processes and their relative importance
  - Explosions
  - Fire
  - Sabotage and terrorist attacks
  - Epidemics
  - Supply chain failure
  - Flooding
  - Earthquake
  - Significant political risk
  - Loss of IT
  - Loss of critical data
  - Loss of Telecoms network
  - Major Electricity outage
  - Vehicle incidents
  - Plant closure
  - Inability to access offices
- Assessing the internal and external risks impacting continuity of these processes
- Evaluate what plans are currently in place to deal with the risks
- Which processes need further attention
- Which can be further developed as a cross business process
- Which events currently have no plan
- Allocating responsibility for actions

# Exercise 3 - The process to deal with loss of critical business activities

# **Ensuring specific plans for each type of incident**

- An incident resulting in the death or serious injury
- Kidnap of staff
- An incident resulting in the complete suspension of business activities
- An incident resulting in the complete suspension of a key project
- Act involving gross mismanagement of funds
- Event that may have legal repercussions
- Incident that lead to public or other retaliation
- · Incident resulting in negative coverage in the media
- Outbreak of conflict in a community served by the business
- Natural disaster

# Exercise 4 - Reviewing the specific plans

#### The BCP testing process

- The need for all aspects of the plan to be tested
- BCM Test plan
- Desk check
- Communication testing
- Physical tests
- Completing the tests
- Testing Feedback
- Overall Test Evaluation

#### **Exercise 5 – Assessing the BCP testing plan**

# Day 2: The BCM Process in practice

#### The Crisis management (CM) plan

- Has the plan been developed in conjunction with the strategic planning process?
- Crisis Risk owners how these personnel are chosen and how ownership is enforced
- Are annual statements required by these risk owners?
- Assessing the risk tracking process
- Using the risk register as a crisis management decision skeleton
- The steps taken to coordinate and link the output
- Flagging interdependencies if one risk treatment is changed the other party or parties impacted are notified
- Has the CM process been used to break down the barriers
- Assessing reports for senior management
- Auditing the process

# **Exercise 6 – Reviewing the crisis management plan**

# **Reviewing emergency preparation**

- Establishing an Emergency Operations Centre
- Emergency authority procedures
- Determining time bands to cover
  - The emergency period (minutes to hours)
  - The crisis period (hours to days)
  - The recovery period (days to weeks)
- The key documents and where held + the owners
- Key Systems
- Key system suppliers
- ICT and Communications back-up strategy
- Information back-up strategy
- Key partners emergency contact information

- Back-up power
- Off-site storage
- Alternative locations
- Media Liaison
- Insurance cover

# **Exercise 7 – Assessing emergency preparedness**

#### The incident management process

- Initial assessment
  - What are the known facts of the incident and what is/is not confirmed
  - What action has already been taken and by whom?
  - Is there anything that needs to be done immediately to protect against further harm / damage?
- Immediate actions
  - Assignment of roles
  - Emergency Operations set up
  - Communications schedule agreed
  - incident support personnel
  - External expertise (legal, negotiators etc.) required?
  - Security networks activated
- Recovery
- Assessment

# **Exercise 8 - The incident management process**

# The BCM communication process

- Assessing the CM business structure
- What information do we have about the situation / what else do we need?
- Who else needs to be briefed and by whom
- Media and communications plan
- Pre-prepared media statements covering all major crises
- Contacting insurers
- Back up CM team members identified (in the event it is a long running crisis

# **Exercise 9 – Reviewing the communication process**

# **Assessing Recovery planning**

- The elements of an effective plan
- Recovery of property
- Recovery of hardware
- Keeping people informed
- Personnel contacts
- Business recovery reports

Monitoring the recovery process

### **Exercise 10 – Assessing the effectiveness of the recovery plan**

# **Evaluating the effectiveness of post event reviews**

- Post crisis review collection and analysis of data and actions taken
- Developing a plan with key learning points and actions
- Allocating clear responsibility for actions
- External reporting
- · Organising risk awareness sessions for staff
- Sharing output with partners
- Evaluating risks within these relationships
- Identifying BCP Risk indicators (KRI's)
- Coordinating the whole process
- Managing stakeholder expectations

Exercise 11 – Evaluating the post event review process

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